

4. FUNCTORS

Functor: A graph homomorphism $F: D \rightarrow C$, thus with restrictions

$$(4.1) \quad \forall x, y \in D_0, F_1: D(x, y) \rightarrow C(F_0x, F_0y): f \mapsto F_1f,$$

respecting identities, compositions: $F_11_x = 1_{F_0x}$, $F_1(g \circ f) = F_1g \circ F_1f$.

Global conditions: $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \mathbf{Isomorphism:} F_0 \text{ and } F_1 \text{ are isomorphisms.} \\ \mathbf{Essentially surjective:} \forall c \in C_0, \exists d \in D_0. c \cong F_0d \end{array} \right.$

Local conditions: $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \mathbf{Full:} \text{ Each restriction (4.1) is surjective.} \\ \mathbf{Faithful:} \text{ Each restriction (4.1) is injective.} \end{array} \right.$

Example: While the **forgetful** or **underlying set functor**

$$U: \mathbf{Grp} \rightarrow \mathbf{Set}; [f: (G_1, \cdot, {}^{-1}, 1) \rightarrow (G_2, \cdot, {}^{-1}, 1)] \mapsto [f: G_1 \rightarrow G_2]$$

is faithful, $U_0: \mathbf{Grp}_0 \rightarrow \mathbf{Set}_0$ is not injective (same set, different groups).

Also U not full: Some functions between groups are not homomorphic.

Example: For a monoid $(M, \cdot, 1_M)$, write M^*

for the group of invertible elements or **units**. Then $\mathbf{Mon} \rightarrow \mathbf{Grp}$;

$$[f: (M_1, \cdot, 1) \rightarrow (M_2, \cdot, 1)] \mapsto [f|_{M_1^*}: (M_1^*, \cdot, {}^{-1}, 1) \rightarrow (M_2^*, \cdot, {}^{-1}, 1)]$$

is a functor between large categories, the **group of units** functor.

Moral: Mathematical constructions are functors!

Example: A monoid homomorphism $f: M_1 \rightarrow M_2$ yields a functor between the corresponding small one-object categories.

Note $(\mathbb{R}, \cdot, 1) \rightarrow ([0, \infty[, \cdot, 1); n \mapsto n^2$ is full, but not faithful.

Example: A functor $F: (P_1, \leq) \rightarrow (P_2, \leq)$ between poset categories corresponds to an **order-preserving** function:

$$x \leq y \text{ in } P_1 \quad \Rightarrow \quad F_0x \leq F_0y \text{ in } P_2.$$

Trivially faithful.

Example: Inclusion of a subcategory always gives a faithful functor.

Full subcategory: The inclusion functor is full.

Example: Category **FinSet** of finite sets is full in **Set**.

Example: Functor

$$(\mathbb{N}, \leq) \rightarrow \mathbf{FinSet}; [n < n+1] \mapsto [\{0, 1, \dots, n-1\} \hookrightarrow \{0, 1, \dots, n-1, n\}]$$

is essentially surjective.