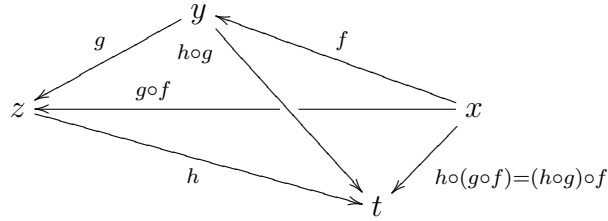


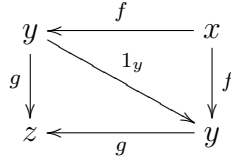
2. CATEGORIES

Category: Quiver $C = (C_0, C_1, \partial_0: C_1 \rightarrow C_0, \partial_1: C_1 \rightarrow C_0)$ with:

- **composition:** $\forall x, y, z \in C_0$,
 $C(x, y) \times C(y, z) \rightarrow C(x, z); (f, g) \mapsto g \circ f$
- satisfying **associativity:** $\forall x, y, z, t \in C_0$,
 $\forall (f, g, h) \in C(x, y) \times C(y, z) \times C(z, t)$, $h \circ (g \circ f) = (h \circ g) \circ f$

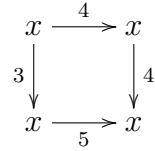


- **identities:** $\forall x, y, z \in C_0$, $\exists 1_y \in C(y, y)$.
 $\forall f \in C(x, y)$, $1_y \circ f = f$ and $\forall g \in C(y, z)$, $g \circ 1_y = g$



Example: $\mathbb{N}_0 = \{x\}$, $\mathbb{N}_1 = \mathbb{N}$, $1_x = 0$, $\forall m, n \in \mathbb{N}$, $n \circ m = m + n$; —
 one object, lots of arrows [**monoid** of natural numbers under addition]

Equation: $3 + 5 = 4 + 4$ **Commuting diagram:**



Example: $\mathbb{N}_1 = \mathbb{N}$, $\forall m, n \in \mathbb{N}$, $|\mathbb{N}(m, n)| = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } m \leq n; \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$

— lots of objects, lots of arrows [poset (\mathbb{N}, \leq) as a category]

These two examples are **small categories:** have a set of morphisms.

Example: The category **Set** has the class of all sets as its object class, with $\mathbf{Set}(X, Y)$ as the set of all functions from X to Y , composition of functions: $g \circ f(x) = g(f(x))$, usual identities $1_X: X \rightarrow X; x \mapsto x$.

This example is **large** (not small), but **locally small:**
 just a set of arrows between each pair of objects.