

MATH 201 SPRING 2021 GRADED HOMEWORK #3

Write clearly, on separate paper. All questions carry equal weight.

- (1) Using only the definition of convergence to a limit for a sequence, give a careful formal proof of the following:

Prop. Suppose that a sequence $\{x_n\}_{n \in \mathbb{N}}$ of nonzero real numbers converges to a nonzero limit x . Then

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} [2x_n - 4] = 2x - 4.$$

- (2) Give a formal proof by induction of the following:

Prop. For each positive integer i , let $\{(x_i)_n\}_{n \in \mathbb{N}}$ be a sequence that converges to a limit L_i . Then

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} [(x_1)_n + (x_2)_n + \dots + (x_r)_n] = L_1 + L_2 + \dots + L_r$$

for each positive integer r .

You may quote the following lemma without proving it:

Lemma. If $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} y_n = Y$ and $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} z_n = Z$, then $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} [y_n + z_n] = Y + Z$.

- (3) Prove that the sequence

$$\left\{ \frac{(n^2 + 1) \sin(n^3 - 5n)}{n^3 + 4} \right\}_{0 < n \in \mathbb{N}}$$

converges to zero.